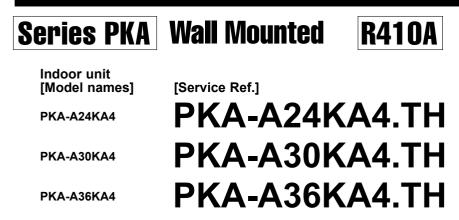


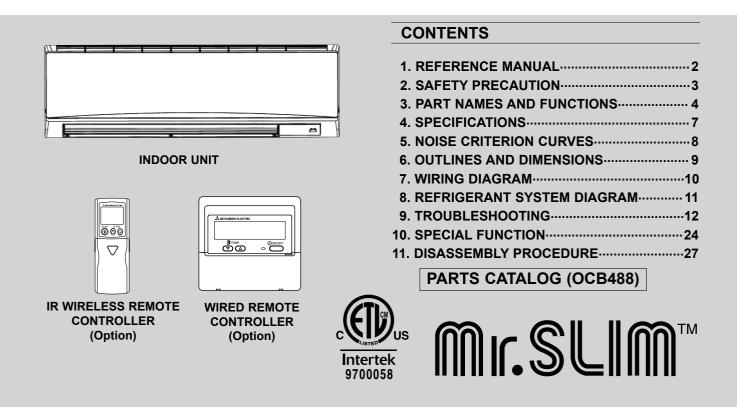
November 2010 No. OCH488

# SERVICE MANUAL



## NOTE:

- This manual describes only service data of the indoor units.
- RoHS compliant products have <G> mark on the spec name plate.

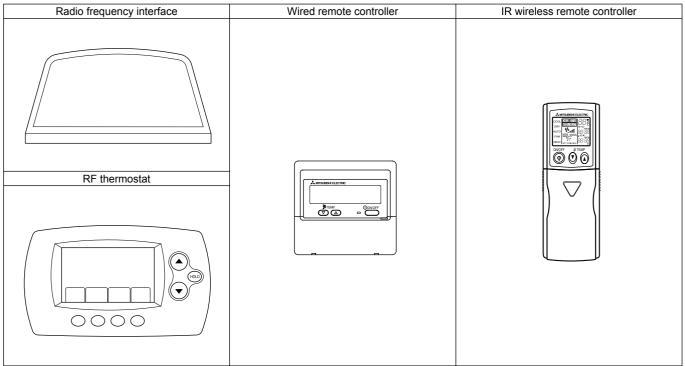


# OUTDOOR UNIT SERVICE MANUAL

Service Ref.	Service Manual No.
PUZ-A24/30/36NHA4 PUZ-A24/30/36NHA4-BS PUY-A24/30/36NHA4 PUY-A24/30/36NHA4-BS	OCH481 OCB481

### ■ Remote controller (Optional parts)

1



2

# SAFETY PRECAUTION

# 2-1. ALWAYS OBSERVE FOR SAFETY

Before obtaining access to terminal, all supply circuits must be disconnected.

# 2-2. CAUTIONS RELATED TO NEW REFRIGERANT

Cautions for units utilising refrigerant R410A

## Use new refrigerant pipes.

Make sure that the inside and outside of refrigerant piping is clean and it has no contaminants such as sulfur, oxides, dirt, shaving particles, etc, which are hazards to refrigerant cycle. In addition, use pipes with specified thickness.

Contamination inside refrigerant piping can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

Store the piping to be used indoors during installation, and keep both ends of the piping sealed until just before brazing. (Leave elbow joints, etc. in their packaging.)

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

The refrigerant oil applied to flare and flange connections must be ester oil, ether oil or alkylbenzene oil in a small amount.

If large amount of mineral oil enters, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

Charge refrigerant from liquid phase of gas cylinder.

If the refrigerant is charged from gas phase, composition change may occur in refrigerant and the efficiency will be lowered.

## Do not use refrigerant other than R410A.

If other refrigerant (R22 etc.) is used, chlorine in refrigerant can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

# Use a vacuum pump with a reverse flow check valve.

Vacuum pump oil may flow back into refrigerant cycle and that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

# Use the following tools specifically designed for use with R410A refrigerant.

The following tools are necessary to use R410A refrigerant.

Tools for R410A				
Gauge manifold Flare tool				
Charge hose	Size adjustment gauge			
Gas leak detector	Vacuum pump adaptor			
Torque wrench	Electronic refrigerant			
	charging scale			

#### Handle tools with care.

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

#### Do not use a charging cylinder.

If a charging cylinder is used, the composition of refrigerant will change and the efficiency will be lowered.

Ventilate the room if refrigerant leaks during operation. If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.

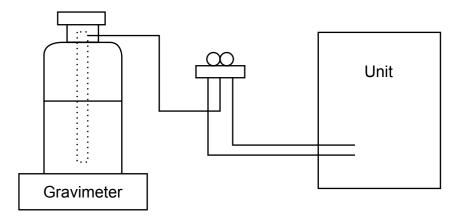
## [1] Cautions for service

- (1) Perform service after recovering the refrigerant left in unit completely.
- (2) Do not release refrigerant in the air.
- (3) After completing service, charge the cycle with specified amount of refrigerant.
- (4) When performing service, install a filter drier simultaneously. Be sure to use a filter drier for new refrigerant.

# [2] Additional refrigerant charge

#### When charging directly from cylinder

- · Check that cylinder for R410A on the market is syphon type.
- · Charging should be performed with the cylinder of syphon stood vertically. (Refrigerant is charged from liquid phase.)



# [3] Service tools

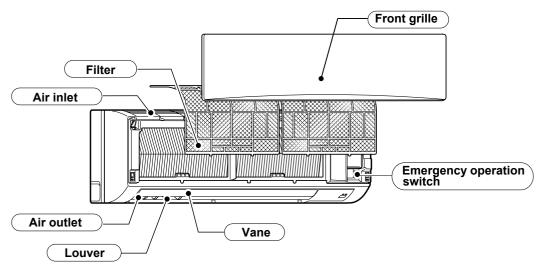
Use the below service tools as exclusive tools for R410A refrigerant.

No.	Tool name	Specifications		
1	Gauge manifold	· Only for R410A		
		· Use the existing fitting specifications. (UNF1/2)		
		· Use high-tension side pressure of 5.3MPa·G or over.		
2	Charge hose	· Only for R410A		
		· Use pressure performance of 5.09MPa·G or over.		
3	Electronic scale	_		
4	Gas leak detector	· Use the detector for R134a, R407C or R410A.		
5	Adaptor for reverse flow check	· Attach on vacuum pump.		
6	Refrigerant charge base	_		
7	Refrigerant cylinder	Only for R410A · Top of cylinder (Pink)     Cylinder with syphon		
8	Refrigerant recovery equipment	_		

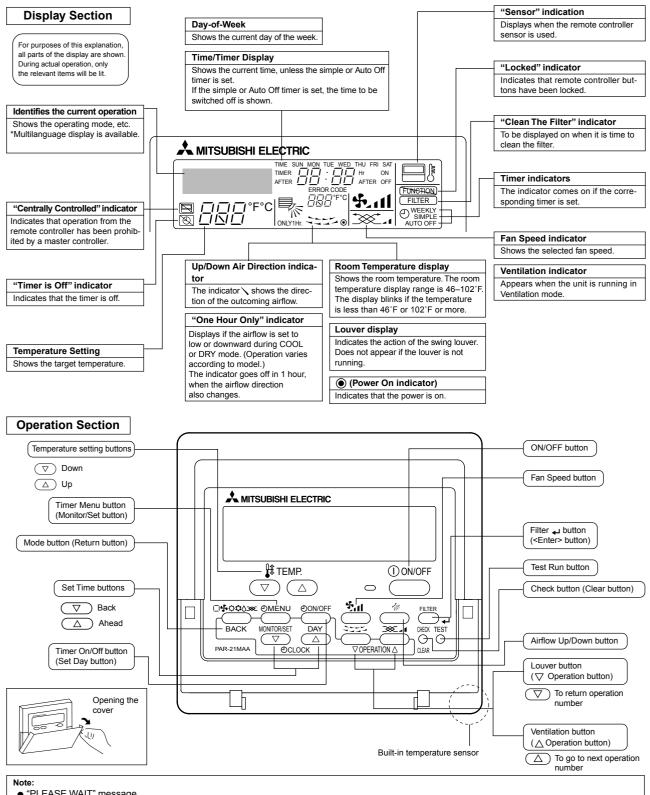
3

# PART NAMES AND FUNCTIONS

• Indoor unit



# Wired remote controller (Option)



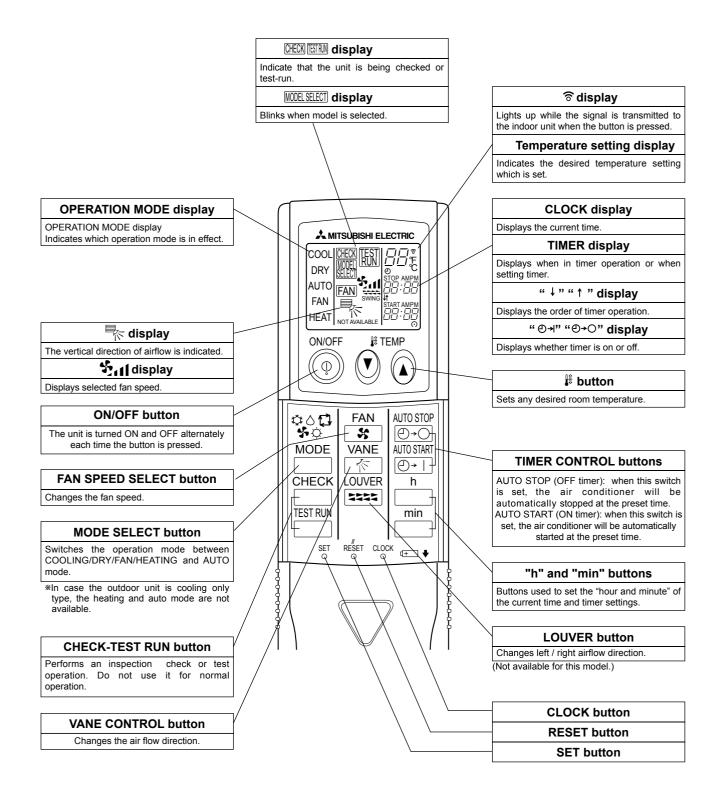
"PLEASE WAIT" message

This message is displayed for approximately 3 minutes when power is supplied to the indoor unit or when the unit is recovering from a power failure. "NOT AVAILABLE" message

This message is displayed if an invalid button is pressed (to operate a function that the indoor unit does not have). If a single remote controller is used to operate multiple indoor units simultaneously that are different types, this message will not be displayed as

far as any of the indoor units is equipped with the function.

# • IR wireless remote controller (Option)



	Service Ref.				PKA-A24KA4.TH	
	Power su	pply(phase, cycle, v	oltage)		1 phase, 60Hz, 208/230V	
		Max. Fuse Size		A	15	
		Min.Circuit Ampacit	ty	A	1	
	External	finish			White Munsell 1.0Y 9.2/0.2	
	Heat exc	hanger			Plate fin coil	
Ι.	Fan	Fan(drive) × No.			Line flow fan (direct) × 1	
UNIT		Fan motor output		kW	0.056	
		Fan motor		F.L.A	0.36	
18		Airflow(Low-Middle	Lliab)	m <sup>3</sup> /min(CFM)	Dry: 18-20-22 (635-705-775)	
Įğ		AIIIIOW(LOW-IVIIUUIE-H			Wet: 16-18-20 (570-635-700)	
NDOOR		External static pres		Pa(mmAq)	0(direct blow)	
-	Operation	n control & Thermost	tat		Remote controller & built-in	
	Noise lev	el(Low-Middle-High)		dB	39-42-45	
	Field drai	in pipe I.D.		mm(in.)	16(5/8)	
	Dimensions W		mm(in.)	1170 (46-1/16)		
		D H		mm(in.)	295 (11-5/8)	
				mm(in.)	365 (14-3/8)	
	Weight			kg(lbs)	21 (46)	

Servic	Service Ref.			PKA-A30KA4.TH
Power	supply(phase, cycle, vo	ltage)		1 phase, 60Hz, 208/230V
	Max. Fuse Size		A	15
	Min.Circuit Ampacity	/	A	1
Extern	al finish			White Munsell 1.0Y 9.2/0.2
Heat e	exchanger			Plate fin coil
Fan	Fan(drive) × No.			Line flow fan (direct) × 1
	Fan motor output		kW	0.056
	Fan motor		F.L.A	0.36
NDOOR	Airflow(Low-Middle-High)		m³/min(CFM)	Dry: 18-20-22 (635-705-775)
õ				Wet: 16-18-20 (570-635-700)
2	External static pres	sure	Pa(mmAq)	0(direct blow)
Operat	tion control & Thermosta	at		Remote controller & built-in
Noise	level(Low-Middle-High)		dB	39-42-45
Field d	Irain pipe I.D.		mm(in.)	16(5/8)
Dimen	Dimensions W		mm(in.)	1170 (46-1/16)
		D	mm(in.)	295 (11-5/8)
	Н		mm(in.)	365 (14-3/8)
Weight	t		kg(lbs)	21 (46)

	Service Ref.			PKA-A36KA4.TH		
	Power supply(phase, cycle, voltage)				1 phase, 60Hz, 208/230V	
		Max. Fuse Size		A	15	
		Min.Circuit Ampacit	у	A	1	
	External f	inish			White Munsell 1.0Y 9.2/0.2	
	Heat exch	nanger			Plate fin coil	
. Π	Fan	Fan(drive) × No.			Line flow fan (direct) × 1	
UNIT		Fan motor output		kW	0.056	
		Fan motor	an motor		0.57	
R	Airflow(Low-Middle-H		Lligh)	m <sup>3</sup> /min(CFM)	Dry: 20-23-26 (705-810-920)	
ğ		AITIOW(LOW-IMIGUIE	-nign)		Wet: 18-21-23 (635-730-830)	
NDOOR		External static pres		Pa(mmAq)	0(direct blow)	
- (	Operation	control & Thermost	at		Remote controller & built-in	
I	Noise leve	el(Low-Middle-High)		dB	43-46-49	
1	Field drain pipe I.D. Dimensions W		mm(in.)	16(5/8)		
			mm(in.)	1170 (46-1/16)		
			D	mm(in.)	295 (11-5/8)	
			Н	mm(in.)	365 (14-3/8)	
1	Weight			kg(lbs)	21 (46)	

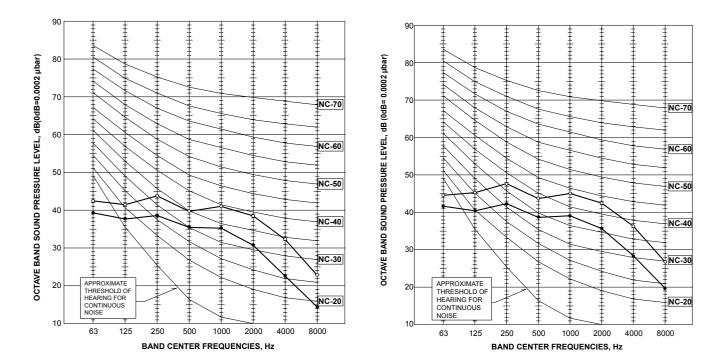
# NOISE CRITERION CURVES

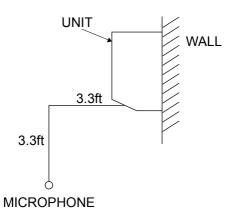
# PKA-A24KA4.TH PKA-A30KA4.TH

	-	
NOTCH	SPL(dB)	LINE
High	45	ļ
Low	39	• •

# PKA-A36KA4.TH

NOTCH	SPL(dB)	LINE
High	49	$\bigcirc$
Low	43	• •





5

6

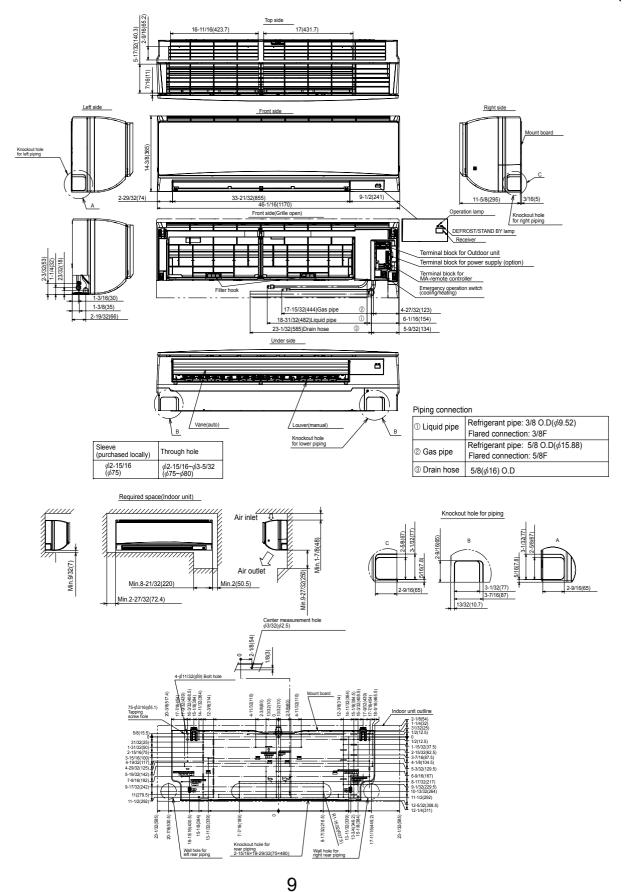
# **OUTLINES AND DIMENSIONS**

# PKA-A24KA4.TH

PKA-A30KA4.TH

## PKA-A36KA4.TH

Unit: inch (mm)

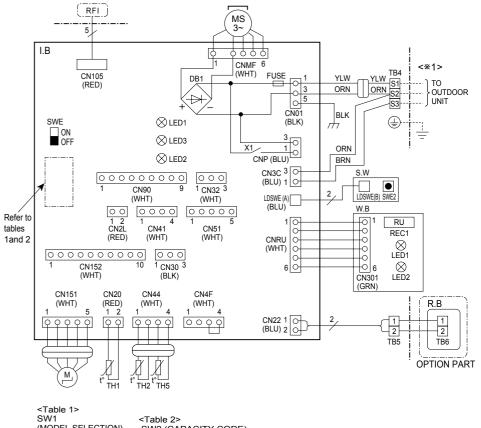


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# PKA-A24KA4.TH PKA-A30KA4.TH PKA-A36KA4.TH

#### [Explanation of symbols]

Symbol	Symbol Name		Name				
I.B	Indoor controller board		Vane motor				
CN2L	Connector (LOSSNAY)	MS	Fan motor				
CN30	Connector (LLC)	S.W	Switch board				
CN32	Connector ( Remote switch)	SWE2	Emergency operation				
CN41	Connector (HA terminal-A)	TB2	Terminal block(Indoor unit Power (option))				
CN51	Connector (Centrally control)	TB4	Terminal block (Indoor/outdoor connecting line)				
CN90	Connector (Remote operation adapter)		Terminal block (Remote controller transmission line)				
CN105	N105 Connector (Radio frequency interface)		Room temp. Thermistor				
CN152	Connector (Back-up heating)		(32°F/15kΩ, 77°F/5.4kΩ Detect)				
FUSE	FUSE (T3.15AL250V)	TH2	Pipe temp. Thermistor/liquid				
LED1	Power supply (I.B)		(32°F/15kΩ, 77°F/5.4kΩ Detect)				
LED2	Power supply (R.B)	TH5	Cond./eva. temp. Thermistor				
LED3	Transmission (Indoor-outdoor)		(32°F/15kΩ, 77°F/5.4kΩ Detect)				
SW1	Switch (Model selection) *See table 1	W.B	Pcb for IR wireless remote controller				
SW2	Switch (Capacity code) *See table 2	LED1	LED (Operation indication : Green)				
SWE	WE Connector (Emergency operation)		LED (Preparation for heating: Orange)				
R.B	Wired remote controller board	REC1	Receiving unit				
TB6	Terminal block (Remote controller transmission line)	RFI	Radio frequency interface for RF thermostat				



(MODEL SELECTION)	SW2 (CAPAC	SW2 (CAPACITY CODE)							
SETTING	MODELS	SETTING	MODELS	SETTING	MODELS	SETTING			
1 2 3 4 5 ON OFF	PKA-A24KA4	1 2 3 4 5 ON OFF	PKA-A30KA4	1 2 3 4 5 ON OFF	PKA-A36KA4	1 2 3 4 5 ON OFF			

The black square (■) indicates a switch position.

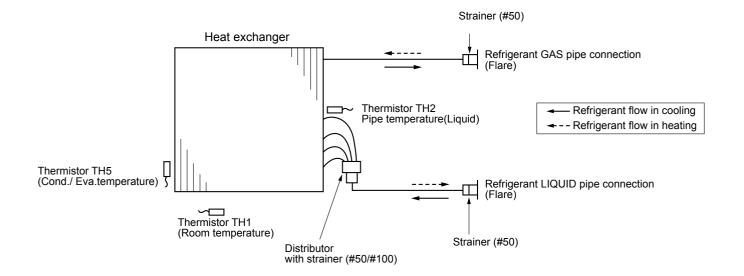
Notes:

- 1. Symbols used in wiring diagram above are,  $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ : Connector,  $\square \square$ : Terminal (block).
- 2. Indoor and outdoor connecting wires have polarities, make sure to match terminal numbers (S1, S2, S3) for correct wirings.
- 3. Since the outdoor side electric wiring may change, be sure to check the outdoor unit electric wiring diagram for servicing.
- 4. This diagram shows the wiring of indoor and outdoor connecting wires.(specification of 230V), adopting superimposed system of power and signal.
   \*1: Use copper supply wires.
  - i. Ose copper supply wires.

# **REFRIGERANT SYSTEM DIAGRAM**

# PKA-A24KA4.TH PKA-A30KA4.TH PKA-A36KA4.TH

8



# 9-1. TROUBLESHOOTING

9

### <Error code display by self-diagnosis and actions to be taken for service (summary)>

Present and past error codes are logged and displayed on the wired remote controller or controller board of outdoor unit. Actions to be taken for service and the trouble reoccurrence at field are summarized in the table below. Check the contents below before investigating details.

Unit conditions at service	Error code	Actions to be taken for service (summary)		
	Displayed	Judge what is wrong and take a corrective action according to "9-3. Self-diagnosis action table".		
The trouble is reoccurring.	Not displayed	Conduct troubleshooting and ascertain the cause of the trouble according to "9-4. Troubleshooting by inferior phenomena".		
The trouble is not reoccurring.	Logged	<ol> <li>Consider the temporary defects such as the work of protection devices in the refrigerant circuit including compressor, poor connection of wiring, noise and etc. Re-check the symptom, and check the installation environment, refrigerant amount, weather when the trouble occurred, matters related to wiring and etc.</li> <li>Reset error code logs and restart the unit after finishing service.</li> <li>There is no abnormality in electrical component, controller board, remote controller and etc.</li> </ol>		
	Not logged	<ol> <li>Re-check the abnormal symptom.</li> <li>Conduct trouble shooting and ascertain the cause of the trouble according to "9-4. Troubleshooting by inferior phenomena".</li> <li>Continue to operate unit for the time being if the cause is not ascertained.</li> <li>There is no abnormality concerning of parts such as electrical component, controller board, remote controller and etc.</li> </ol>		

# 9-2. MALFUNCTION-DIAGNOSIS METHOD BY REMOTE CONTROLLER

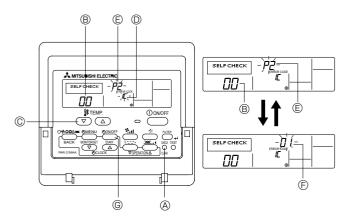
### <In case of trouble during operation>

When a malfunction occurs to air conditioner, both indoor unit and outdoor unit will stop and operation lamp blinks to inform unusual stop.

# <Malfunction-diagnosis method at maintenance service> ■IR wireless remote controller

#### [Procedure] 1. Press the CHECK button twice. "CHECK" lights, and refrigerant Refrigerant address "00" blinks. address A MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC · Check that the remote controller's display CHECK 00 display has stopped before continuing. CHECK display 2. Press the temperature () ( Select the refrigerant address of the Temperature buttons. indoor unit for the self-diagnosis. button ON/OFF # TEMP Note: Set refrigerant address using the outdoor unit's DIP switch (SW1). 0 ON/OFF (For more information, see the button outdoor unit installation manual.) AUTO STOP FAN **⊕**→O \$\$ 3. Point the remote controller at the · If an air conditioner error occurs, the MODE VANE AUTO START HOUR sensor on the indoor unit and Ð≁I indoor unit's sensor emits an intermit-尒 button CHECK LOUVER h press the HOUR button. tent buzzer sound, the operation lamp blinks, and the error code is CHECK TEST RUN min output. button (It takes 3 seconds at most for error RESET CLOCK SET O code to appear.) 4. Point the remote controller at the • The check mode is cancelled. sensor on the indoor unit and press the ON/OFF button.

## ■Wired remote controller



- ① Turn on the power.
- 2 Press the [CHECK] button twice.
- ③ Set address with [TEMP] button if system control is used.
- ④ Press the [ON/OFF] button to stop the self-check.
  - A CHECK button
  - B Address
  - © TEMP. button
  - IC : Indoor unit
    - OC: Outdoor unit

```
© Unit No.
```

- © Timer ON/OFF button
- <To delete check code>
- ① Display the error code on the self-check result display screen.
- ② The address for self-check will blink when the ◎ ④ ON/OFF button is pressed twice within 3 seconds.

# • Refer to the following tables for details on the check codes.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9 10

11

12

Beeper sounds Beep	Beep Beep Beer	веер	Веер Веер		
	1 <sup>st</sup> 2 <sup>nd</sup> 3 <sup>rd</sup>	)) n <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup> 2 <sup>nd</sup> · · · Repeate	ed	
	→		• •		
lamp blink Off	On On On 0.5 sec. 0.5 sec. 0.5 sec	c. 0.5 sec. Approx. 2.5 sec.	On On		
Self-check Approx. 2.5 sec.	0.5 Sec. 0.5 Sec. 0.5 Se	/ U.S SEC. Approx. 2.3 Sec.	U.J Sec. 0.J Sec.		
(Start signal					
	n the following table		Number of blinks/beeps in the check code in the follo		
[Output pattern B]					
Beeper sounds Beep		Веер Веер Веер	Веер	Beep Bee	p
		1 <sup>st</sup> 2 <sup>nd</sup> 3 <sup>rd</sup> ))	n <sup>th</sup>	1 <sup>st</sup> 2 <sup>r</sup>	d · · · Repeated
	_ →	$\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$ $\square$		<b>_</b>	·
lamp blink Off pattern Off 25 sec	On	On On On	On Off	On On C	
Self-check Approx. 2.0 300.	Approx. 3 sec.	0.5 sec. 0.5 sec. 0.5 sec.	0.5 sec. Approx. 2.5 sec.	Approx. 3 sec. 0.5 sec. 0.5	sec.
starts (Start signal				$\sim$	
received)		ber of blinks/beeps in pattern in e in the following table (i.e., n=5		Number of blinks/bee the check code in the	ps in pattern indicates
		e in the following table (i.e., h=5			
[Output pattern A] Errors detect	ted by indoor ur	nit			
IR wireless remote controller	Wired remote controller				
Beeper sounds/OPERATION			<b>a</b> ,		
INDICATOR lamp blinks	① Check code		Symptom		Remark
(Number of times)					
	P1				
I		Intake sensor error			4
2	P2	Pipe (TH2) sensor error			
-	P9	Pipe (TH5) sensor error	,		

Indoor/outdoor unit communication error

Freezing/Overheating protection operation

Remote controller signal receiving error

Remote controller transmission error

Remote controller control board error

Forced compressor stop(due to water leakage abnormality)

Communication error between indoor and outdoor units

Indoor unit control system error (memory error, etc.)

Float switch connector (CN4F) open

Drain pump error

Pipe temperature error

[Output pattern B] Errors detected by unit other than indoor unit (outdoor unit, etc.)

\_

E6,E7

P4

P5

PA

P6

EE

P8

\_

\_ Fb

E4, E5

E0, E3

E1, E2

IR wireless remote controller	Wired remote controller			
Beeper sounds/OPERATION		Symptom	Remark	
INDICATOR lamp blinks	① Check code	o jp.co	. containe	
(Number of times)				
1	E9	Indoor/outdoor unit communication error		
•	23	(Transmitting error) (Outdoor unit)		
2	UP	Compressor overcurrent interruption		
3	U3,U4	Open/short of outdoor unit thermistors	For details, check	
4	UF	Compressor overcurrent interruption (When compressor locked)	the LED display	
_		Abnormal high discharging temperature/49C operated/	of the outdoor	
5	U2	insufficient refrigerant	controller board.	
			Abnormal high pressure (63H operated)/Overheating	As for outdoor
6	U1,Ud	protection operation	unit, refer to	
7	U5	Abnormal temperature of heatsink	outdoor unit's	
8	U8	Outdoor unit fan protection stop	service manual.	
9	U6	Compressor overcurrent interruption/Abnormal of power module		
10	U7	Abnormality of superheat due to low discharge temperature		
		Abnormality such as overvoltage or voltage shortage and		
11	U9,UH	abnormal synchronous signal to main circuit/Current sensor error		
12	-	-		
13	-	-		
14	Others	Other errors (Refer to the technical manual for the outdoor unit.)		

\*1 If the beeper does not sound again after the initial 2 beeps to confirm the self-check start signal was received and the OPERATION INDICATOR lamp does not come on, there are no error records. \*2 If the beeper sounds 3 times continuously "beep, beep, beep (0.4 + 0.4 + 0.4 sec.)" after the initial 2 beeps to confirm

the self-check start signal was received, the specified refrigerant address is incorrect.

- On IR wireless remote controller The continuous buzzer sounds from receiving section of indoor unit. Blink of operation lamp
- On wired remote controller
- ① Check code displayed in the LCD. (Refer to the previous page, ① check code.)

• If the unit cannot be operated properly after the test run, refer to the following table to find out the cause.

Symptom			Cause
Wired remote contr	Wired remote controller LED 1, 2 (PCB in outdoor unit)		Cause
PLEASE WAIT	For about 2 minutes after power-on	After LED 1, 2 are lighted, LED 2 is turned off, then only LED 1 is lighted. (Correct operation)	•For about 2 minutes following power-on,op- eration of the remote controller is not possible due to system start-up. (Correct operation)
$PLEASE \text{ WAIT} \to Error \text{ code}$	Subsequent to about 2 minutes	Only LED 1 is lighted. $\rightarrow$ LED 1, 2 blink.	<ul> <li>Connector for the outdoor unit's protection device is not connected.</li> <li>Reverse or open phase wiring for the outdoor unit's power terminal block (L1, L2, GR)</li> </ul>
Display messages do not appear even when operation switch is turned ON (operation lamp does not light up).	after power-on	Only LED 1 is lighted. $\rightarrow$ LED 1 blinks twice, LED 2 blinks once.	<ul> <li>Incorrect wiring between indoor and outdoor units (incorrect polarity of S1, S2, S3)</li> <li>Remote controller wire short</li> </ul>

On the IR wireless remote controller with condition above, following phenomena take place.

No signals from the remote controller can be received.
OPE lamp is blinking.
The buzzer makes a short ping sound.

#### Note:

### Operation is not possible for about 30 seconds after cancellation of function selection. (Correct operation)

For description of each LED (LED1, 2, 3) provided on the indoor controller, refer to the following table.

LED1 (power for microprocessor)	Indicates whether control power is supplied. Make sure that this LED is always lit.
LED2 (power for wired remote controller)	Indicates whether power is supplied to the wired remote controller. This LED lights only in the case of the indoor unit which is connected to the outdoor unit refrigerant addresses "0".
LED3 (communication between indoor and outdoor units)	Indicates state of communication between the indoor and outdoor units. Make sure that this LED is always blinking.

# 9-3. SELF-DIAGNOSIS ACTION TABLE

Note: Refer to the manual of outdoor unit for the details of display such as F, U, and other E.

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Countermeasure
P1	<ul> <li>Room temperature thermistor (TH1)</li> <li>The unit is in 3-minute resume prevention mode if short/open of thermistor is detected. Abnormal if the unit does not reset normally after 3 minutes. (The unit returns to normal operation, if it has been reset normally.)</li> <li>Constantly detected during cooling, drying, and heating operation. Short: 90°C[194°F] or more Open: -40°C[-40°F] or less</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Defective thermistor characteristics</li> <li>Contact failure of connector (CN20) on the indoor controller board (Insert failure)</li> <li>Breaking of wire or contact failure of thermistor wiring</li> <li>Defective indoor controller board</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>①-③ Check resistance value of thermistor. 0°C [32°F] ········ 9.6kΩ 20°C [68°F] ······· 9.6kΩ 20°C [68°F] ········ 9.6kΩ 30°C [68°F] ········ 4.3kΩ 40°C [104°F] ········ 3.0kΩ</li> <li>If you put force on (draw or bend) the lead wire while measuring resistance value of thermis- tor, breaking of wire or contact failure can be detected.</li> <li>② Check contact failure of connector (CN20) on the indoor controller board. Refer to 9-7. Turn the power on again and check restart after inserting connector again.</li> <li>④ Check room temperature display on remote controller. Replace indoor controller board if there is abnormal difference with actual room temperature.</li> </ul>
P2	<ul> <li>Pipe temperature thermistor/Liquid (TH2)</li> <li>The unit is in 3-minute resume prevention mode if short/open of thermistor is detected. Abnormal if the unit does not reset normally after 3 minutes. (The unit returns to normal operation, if it has been reset normally.)</li> <li>Constantly detected during cooling, drying, and heating (except defrosting) operation. Short: 90°C [194°F] or more Open: -40°C [-40°F] or less</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Defective thermistor characteristics</li> <li>Contact failure of connector (CN44) on the indoor controller board (Insert failure)</li> <li>Breaking of wire or contact failure of thermistor wiring</li> <li>Defective refrigerant circuit is causing thermistor tempera- ture of 90°C [194°F] or more or -40°C [-40°F] or less.</li> <li>Defective indoor controller board</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>after check.</li> <li>(1)-(3) Check resistance value of thermistor. For characteristics, refer to (P1) above.</li> <li>(2) Check contact failure of connector (CN44) on the indoor controller board. Refer to 9-7. Turn the power on and check restart after inserting connector again.</li> <li>(4) Check pipe <liquid> temperature with remote controller in test run mode. If pipe <liquid> temperature is extremely low (in cooling mode) or high (in heating mode), refrigerant circuit may have defect.</liquid></liquid></li> <li>(5) Check pipe <liquid> temperature with remote controller in test run mode. If there is extremely difference with actual pipe <liquid> temperature, replace indoor controller board.</liquid></liquid></li> <li>Turn the power off, and on again to operate after check.</li> </ul>
P4 (5701)	<ul> <li>Contact failure of drain float switch (CN4F)</li> <li>① Extract when the connector of drain float switch is disconnected.</li> <li>(③ and ④ of connector CN4F is not short-circuited.)</li> <li>② Constantly detected during operation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>① Contact failure of connector (Insert failure)</li> <li>② Defective indoor controller board</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>① Check contact failure of float switch connector.</li> <li>Turn the power on again and check after inserting connector again.</li> <li>② Operate with connector (CN4F) short-circuited. Replace indoor controller board if abnormality reappears.</li> </ul>
P5	<ul> <li>Drain overflow protection operation</li> <li>① Suspensive abnormality, if drain float switch is detected to be underwater for 1 minute and 30 seconds continuously with drain pump on. Turn off compressor and indoor fan.</li> <li>② Drain pump is abnormal if the condition above is detected during suspensive abnormality.</li> <li>③ Constantly detected during drain pump operation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Malfunction of drain pump</li> <li>Defective drain Clogged drain pump Clogged drain pipe</li> <li>Defective drain float switch Catch of drain float switch or malfunction of moving parts cause drain float switch to be detected under water (Switch On)</li> <li>Defective indoor-controller board</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Check if drain pump works.</li> <li>Check drain function.</li> <li>Remove drain float switch connector CN4F and check if it is short (Switch On) with the moving part of float switch UP, or OPEN with the moving part of float switch down. Replace float switch if it is short with the moving part of float switch down.</li> <li>Replace indoor controller board if it is short- circuited between ③-④ of the drain float switch connector CN4F and abnormality reappears.</li> <li>It is not abnormal if there is no problem about the above-mentioned ①~④ Turn the power off, and on again to operate after check.</li> </ol>

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Countermeasure
	Freezing/overheating protection is operating	<ul> <li>(Cooling or drying mode)</li> <li>Clogged filter (reduced airflow)</li> <li>Short cycle of air path</li> <li>Low load (low temperature) operation out of the tolerance range</li> <li>Defective indoor fan motor</li> <li>Fan motor is defective.</li> <li>Indoor controller board is defec- tive.</li> <li>Defective outdoor fan control</li> <li>Overcharge of refrigerant</li> <li>Defective refrigerant circuit (clogs)</li> <li>(Heating mode)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(Cooling or drying mode)</li> <li>① Check clogs of the filter.</li> <li>② Remove blockage.</li> <li>④ Refer to 9-6.</li> <li>⑤ Check outdoor fan motor.</li> <li>⑥ Check operating condition of refrigerant circuit.</li> <li>(Heating mode)</li> </ul>
P6	② Overheating protection (Heating mode) The units is in 6-minute resume prevention mode if pipe <liquid or<br="">condenser/evaporator&gt; temperature is detected as over 70°C[158°F] after the compressor started. Abnormal if the temperature of over 70°C[158°F] is detected again within 10 minutes after 6 minute resume prevention mode.</liquid>	<ul> <li>(I) Clogged filter (reduced airflow)</li> <li>(2) Short cycle of air path</li> <li>(3) Overload (high temperature) operation out of the tolerance range</li> <li>(4) Defective indoor fan motor</li> <li>(4) Fan motor is defective.</li> <li>(5) Indoor controller board is defective.</li> <li>(5) Defective outdoor fan control</li> <li>(6) Overcharge of refrigerant</li> <li>(7) Defective refrigerant circuit (clogs)</li> <li>(8) Bypass circuit of outdoor unit is defective.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>① Check clogs of the filter.</li> <li>② Remove blockage.</li> <li>④ Refer to 9-6.</li> <li>⑤ Check outdoor fan motor.</li> <li>⑥ ~ ⑧ Check operating condition of refrigerant circuit.</li> </ul>
Ρ8	Pipe temperature <cooling mode=""> Detected as abnormal when the pipe tem- perature is not in the cooling range 3 min- utes after compressor start and 6 minutes after the liquid or condenser/evaporator pipe is out of cooling range. Note 1) It takes at least 9 minutes to detect. Note 2) Abnormality P8 is not detected in drying mode. Cooling range : -3 deg C[-5.4deg F]≧(TH-TH1) TH: Lower temperature between liquid pipe temperature (TH2) and condenser/ evaporator temperature (TH5) TH1: Intake temperature <heating mode=""> When 10 seconds have passed after the compressor starts operation and the hot adjustment mode has finished, the unit is detected as abnormal when condenser/ evaporator pipe temperature is not in heat- ing range within 20 minutes. Note 3) It takes at least 27 minutes to detect abnormality. Note 4) It excludes the period of defrosting (Detection restarts when defrosting mode is over) Heating range : 3 deg C[5.4deg F]≦(TH5-TH1)</heating></cooling>	<ul> <li>Slight temperature difference between indoor room temperature and pipe <liquid or condenser/evaporator&gt; temperature thermistor</liquid </li> <li>Shortage of refrigerant</li> <li>Disconnected holder of pipe <liquid <br="" condenser="" or="">evaporator&gt; thermistor</liquid></li> <li>Defective refrigerant circuit</li> <li>Converse connection of extension pipe (on plural units connection)</li> <li>Converse wiring of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire (on plural units connection)</li> <li>Defective detection of indoor room temperature and pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature thermistor</condenser></li> <li>Stop valve is not opened completely.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(1)~(4) Check pipe <liquid condenser="" evaporator="" or=""> temperature with room temperature display on remote controller and outdoor controller circuit board. Pipe <liquid condenser="" evaporator="" or=""> temperature display is indicated by set ting SW2 of outdoor controller circuit board as follows.</liquid></liquid></li> <li>(Conduct temperature check with outdoor controller circuit board after connecting 'A-Control Service Tool(PAC-SK52ST)'.</li> <li>(2) Check converse connection of extension pipe or converse wiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire.</li> </ul>

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Countermeasure
Ρ9	<ul> <li>Pipe temperature thermistor/ Condenser-Evaporator (TH5)</li> <li>The unit is in 3-minute resume protection mode if short/open of thermistor is detected. Abnormal if the unit does not get back to normal within 3 minutes. (The unit returns to normal operation, if it has been reset normally.)</li> <li>Constantly detected during cooling, drying, and heating operation (except defrosting) Short: 90°C[194°F] or more Open: -40°C[-40°F] or less</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Defective thermistor characteristics</li> <li>Contact failure of connector (CN44) on the indoor controller board (Insert failure)</li> <li>Breaking of wire or contact failure of thermistor wiring</li> <li>Temperature of thermistor is 90°C[194°F] or more or -40°C[-40°F] or less caused by defective refrigerant circuit.</li> <li>Defective indoor controller board</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>①-③ Check resistance value of thermistor. For characteristics, refer to (P1) above.</li> <li>② Check contact failure of connector (CN44) on the indoor controller board. Refer to 9-7. Turn the power on and check restart after inserting connector again.</li> <li>④ Operate in test run mode and check pipe <con- denser/evaporator&gt; temperature with outdoor controller circuit board. If pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature is exclu- sively low (in cooling mode) or high (in heating mode), refrigerant circuit may have defect.</condenser></con- </li> <li>⑤ Operate in test run mode and check pipe <con- denser/evaporator&gt; temperature with outdoor control circuit board. If there is extreme difference with actual pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature, replace indoor controller board. There is no abnormality if none of above comes within the unit. Turn the power off and on again to operate.</condenser></con- </li> <li>(In case of checking pipe temperature with outdoor controller circuit board, be sure to connect A-control service tool (PAC-SK52ST).</li> </ul>
PA (2500)	<ul> <li>Forced compressor stop (due to water leakage abnormality)</li> <li>The unit has a water leakage abnormality when the following conditions, a) and b), are satisfied while the abovementioned detection is performed.</li> <li>a) The intake temperature subtracted with liquid pipe temperature detects to be less than -10°C[14°F] for a total of 30 minutes. (When the drain sensor is detected to be NOT soaked in the water, the detection record of a) and b) will be cleared.)</li> <li>b) Drain float switch detects to be in the water for more than 15 minutes.</li> <li>*Once the water leakage abnormality is detected, abnormality state will not be released until the main power is reset.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Drain pump trouble</li> <li>Drain defective         <ul> <li>Drain pump clogging</li> <li>Drain pipe clogging</li> </ul> </li> <li>Open circuit of float switch</li> <li>Contact failure of float switch connector</li> <li>Dew condensation on float switch ·Drain water descends along lead wire.</li> <li>Drain water waving due to filter clogging.</li> <li>Extension piping connection difference at twin, triple, quadruple system.</li> <li>Miswiring of indoor/outdoor connecting at twin, triple, quadruple system.</li> <li>Room temperature thermistor/ liquid pipe temperature thermistor detection is defective.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check the drain pump.</li> <li>Check whether water can be drained.</li> <li>Check the resistance of the float switch.</li> <li>Check the connector contact failure.</li> <li>Check the float switch leadwire mounted. Check the filter clogging.</li> <li>Check the piping connection.</li> <li>Check the indoor/outdoor connecting wires.</li> <li>Check the room temperature display of remote controller. Check the indoor liquid pipe temperature display of outdoor controller board.</li> </ol>
E0 or E4	<ul> <li>Remote controller transmission error(E0)/signal receiving error(E4)</li> <li>Abnormal if main or sub remote controller cannot receive any transmission normally from indoor unit of refrigerant address "0" for 3 minutes. (Error code : E0)</li> <li>Abnormal if sub remote controller could not receive for any signal for 2 minutes. (Error code: E0)</li> <li>Abnormal if indoor controller board cannot receive any data normally from remote controller board or from other indoor controller board for 3 minutes. (Error code: E4)</li> <li>Indoor controller board cannot receive any signal from remote controller for 2 minutes. (Error code: E4)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Contact failure at transmission wire of remote controller</li> <li>All remote controllers are set as "sub" remote controller. In this case, E0 is displayed on remote controller, and E4 is displayed at LED (LED1, LED2) on the outdoor controller circuit board.</li> <li>Miswiring of remote controller</li> <li>Defective transmitting receiving circuit of remote controller</li> <li>Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board of refrigerant addresses "0".</li> <li>Noise has entered into the transmission wire of remote controller.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Check disconnection or looseness of indoor unit or transmission wire of remote controller</li> <li>Set one of the remote controllers "main" if there is no problem with the action above.</li> <li>Check wiring of remote controller.</li> <li>Total wiring length: max. 500m[1640ft] (Do not use cable × 3 or more.)</li> <li>The number of connecting indoor units: max. 16 units</li> <li>The number of connecting remote control- ler: max. 2 units</li> <li>When the above-mentioned problem of ①~③ are not applied,</li> <li>Diagnose remote controllers.</li> <li>a) When "RC OK" is displayed, remote con- trollers have no problem. Turn the power off, and on again to check. If abnormality generates again, replace indoor controller board.</li> <li>When "RC NG" is displayed, replace remote controller.</li> <li>When "RC E3" or "ERC 00-06" is dis- played, noise may be causing abnormality # If the unit is not normal after replacing indoor controller board in group control, indoor controller board of address "0" may be abnormal.</li> </ol>

Error Code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Countermeasure
E3 or E5	<ul> <li>Remote controller transmission error(E3)/signal receiving error(E5)</li> <li>Abnormal if remote controller could not find blank of transmission path for 6 sec- onds and could not transmit. (Error code: E3)</li> <li>Remote controller receives transmitted data at the same time, compares the data, and when detecting it, judges different data to be abnormal 30 continuous times. (Error code: E3)</li> <li>Abnormal if indoor controller board could not find blank of transmission path. (Error code: E5)</li> <li>Indoor controller board receives trans- mitted data at the same time, compares the data, and when detecting it, judges different data to be abnormal 30 continuous times. (Error code: E5)</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>2 remote controllers are set as "main." (In case of 2 remote con- trollers)</li> <li>Remote controller is connected with 2 indoor units or more.</li> <li>Repetition of refrigerant address</li> <li>Defective transmitting receiving circuit of remote controller</li> <li>Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board</li> <li>Noise has entered into trans- mission wire of remote control- ler.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Set a remote controller to main, and the other to sub.</li> <li>Remote controller is connected with only one indoor unit.</li> <li>The address changes to a separate setting.</li> <li>(a) ~(b) Diagnose remote controller.         <ul> <li>a) When "RC OK" is displayed, remote controller.</li> <li>a) When "RC OK" is displayed, remote controllers have no problem.</li> <li>Turn the power off, and on again to check When becoming abnormal again, replace indoor controller board.</li> <li>b) When "RC NG" is displayed, replace remote controller.</li> <li>c) When "RC E3" or "ERC 00-66" is displayed, noise may be causing abnormality.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
E6	<ul> <li>Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (Signal receiving error)</li> <li>Abnormal if indoor controller board cannot receive any signal normally for 6 minutes after turning the power on.</li> <li>Abnormal if indoor controller board cannot receive any signal normally for 3 minutes.</li> <li>Consider the unit as abnormal under the following condition: When 2 or more indoor units are connected to an outdoor unit, indoor controller board cannot receive a signal for 3 minutes from outdoor controller circuit board, a signal which allows outdoor controller circuit board to transmit signals.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Contact failure, short circuit or, miswiring (converse wiring) of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire</li> <li>Defective transmitting receiving circuit of outdoor controller circuit board</li> <li>Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board</li> <li>Noise has entered into indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Check LED display on the outdoor control circuit board. (Connect A-control service tool, PAC-SK52ST.) Refer to EA-EC item if LED displays EA-EC.</li> <li>Check disconnection or looseness of indoor outdoor unit connecting wire of indoor unit o outdoor unit. Check all the units in case of twin indoor unit system.</li> <li>Turn the power off, and on again to check If abnormality generates again, replace indoor controller board or outdoor</li> <li>Wother indoor controller board.</li> <li>Other in case of twin indoor unit system.</li> </ul>
E7	Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (Transmitting error) Abnormal if indoor controller board receives "1" 30 times continuously when indoor controller board transmits "0" signal.	<ol> <li>Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board</li> <li>Noise has entered into power supply.</li> <li>Noise has entered into outdoor control wire.</li> </ol>	①-③ Turn the power off, and on again to check If abnormality generates again, replace indoor controller board.
Fb	Indoor controller board Abnormal if data cannot be read normally from the nonvolatile memory of the indoor controller board.	<ul> <li>Defective indoor controller board</li> </ul>	Replace indoor controller board.
E1 or E2	<ul> <li>Remote controller control board</li> <li>Abnormal if data cannot be read normally from the nonvolatile memory of the remote controller control board. (Error code: E1)</li> <li>Abnormal if the clock function of remote controller cannot be operated normally. (Error code: E2)</li> </ul>	① Defective remote controller	① Replace remote controller.

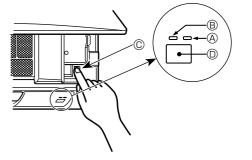
# 9-4. TROUBLESHOOTING BY INFERIOR PHENOMENA

Note: Refer to the manual of outdoor unit for the detail of remote controller.

	controller.	
Phenomena	Cause	Countermeasure
(1)Upward/downward vane performance failure	<ul> <li>The vane is not downward during defrosting and heat preparation and when the thermostat is OFF in HEAT mode. (Working of COOL protection function)</li> <li>Vane motor does not rotate.</li> <li>Defective vane motor</li> <li>Breaking of wire or connection failure of connector</li> <li>Upward/downward vane does not work.</li> <li>The vane is set to fixed position.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Normal operation (The vane is set to horizontal regardless of remote control.)</li> <li>Check (2) (left).         <ul> <li>Check the vane motor. (Refer to "How to check the parts".)</li> <li>Check for breaking of wire or connec- tion failure of connector.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Normal operation (Each connector on vane motor side is disconnected or set- ting the fixed vanes by wired remote controller.)</li> </ol>
(2)Receiver for IR wireless remote controller	<ol> <li>Weak batteries of IR wireless remote controller</li> <li>Contact failure of connector (CNB) on IR wireless remote controller board (Insert failure)</li> <li>Contact failure of connector (CN90) on indoor con- troller board (Insert failure)</li> <li>Contact failure of connector between IR wireless remote controller board and indoor controller board</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Replace batteries of IR wireless remote controller.</li> <li>Check contact failure of each connector. If no problems are found of connector, replace indoor controller board. When the same trouble occurs even if indoor controller board is replaced, replace IR wireless remote controller board.</li> </ul>

# 9-5. EMERGENCY OPERATION

## 9-5-1. When IR wireless remote controller fails or its battery is exhausted



#### When the remote controller cannot be used

When the batteries of the remote controller run out or the remote controller malfunctions, the emergency operation can be done using the emergency buttons.

- A DEFROST/STAND BY lamp (ORANGE)
- B Operation lamp (GREEN)
- © Emergency operation switch (cooling/heating)
- Receiver
- Each press of the emergency operation switch will toggle the operation mode.
- Check "COOL/HEAT" with the operation monitor display. (The display will appear orange for 5 seconds after pressing the emergency operation switch.)

#### [Heat pump type]

Cooling Heating Stop

[Cooling Only type]

► Cooling ► Stop

#### **Operation Monitor Display**

	GREEN	ORANGE	
STOP	0	0	The orange lamp follows the switch operation
COOL	٠	0	as indicated at the left for 5 sedonds, and
HEAT	٠	•	then it will return to the normal display.
○ OFF	• O1	١	

\* Details of emergency mode are as shown below.

Operation Mode	COOL	HEAT
Set Temperature	24°C, 75°F	24°C, 75°F
Fan Speed	High	High
Airflow Direction Up and Down	Horizontal	Downward

#### 9-5-2. When wired remote controller or indoor unit microprocessor fails

- 1. When the wired remote control or the indoor unit microcomputer has failed, but all other components work properly, if you set the switch (SWE) on the indoor controller board ON, the indoor unit will begin Emergency Operation. When Emergency Operation is activated, the indoor unit operates as follows:
- (1) Indoor fan is running at high speed.
- \* Note on the IR wireless remote control

When the remote control does not function, it is possible to activate Emergency Operation by using the indoor unit Emergency Operation switch.

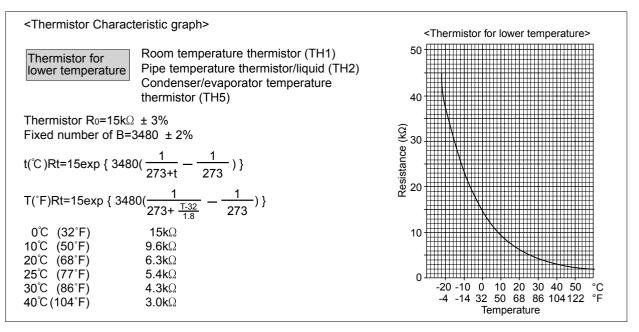
However, if the indoor unit microprocessor has failed, it is nesessary to proceed with points 2 and 3 below as in the case of the wired remote control.

- 2. When you activate Emergency Operation of the cooling or heating, you have to set the switch (SWE) on the indoor controller board and activate Emergency Operation of the outdoor unit. For details on how to activate Emergency Operation of the outdoor unit, refer to the outdoor unit wiring diagram.
- 3. Before you activate Emergency Operation, check the following points:
- (1) Emergency operation cannot be activated when:
  - the outdoor unit malfunctions. the indoor fan malfunctions.
  - when it has detected the malfunction of drain pump during self-diagnosing.
- (2) Emergency Operation becomes continuous only by switching the power source on/off.
  - ON/OFF on the remote control or temperature control etc. does not function.
- (3) Avoid operating for a long time when the outdoor unit begins defrosting while Emergency Operation of the heating is activated, because it will start to blow cold air.
- (4) Emergency cooling should be limited to 10 hours maximum (The indoor unit heat exchanger may freeze).
- (5) After Emergency Operation has been deactivated, set the switches etc. to their original positions.
- (6) Movement of the vanes does not work in Emergency operation, therefore you have to slowly set them manually to the appropriate position.

# 9-6. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS PKA-A24KA4.TH PKA-A30KA4H.TH PKA-A36KA4.TH

Parts name	Check points				
Room temperature thermistor (TH1) Liquid pipe thermistor (TH2) Condenser/evaporator temperature thermistor (TH5)	Disconnect the conne (At the ambient temp Normal 4.3kΩ~9.6kΩ	ctor then measure erature 50°F~86°F Abnormal Open or short	)	e using a tester. to the next page fo	r a detail.)
Vane motor (MV)	Measure the resistance	between the termi	nals using a tes	ster. (Coil temperatu	ıre 68°F)
<sup>(2)</sup> Red		Normal		Abnormal	
Yellow     Yellow     Orange Green     Connect pin No.     S	①-②   ①-③ Brown-Red Brown-O		①-⑤ Brown-Green	Open or short	
Fan motor (MF)	Refer to 9-6-2.		I		J

### 9-6-1. Thermistor



## 9-6-2. DC Fan motor (fan motor/indoor controller circuit board)

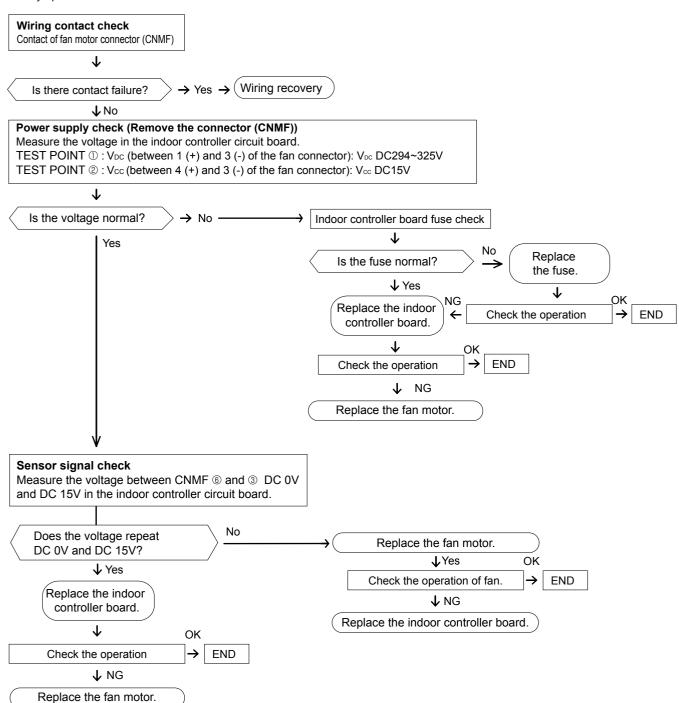
# Check method of DC fan motor (fan motor/indoor controller circuit board)

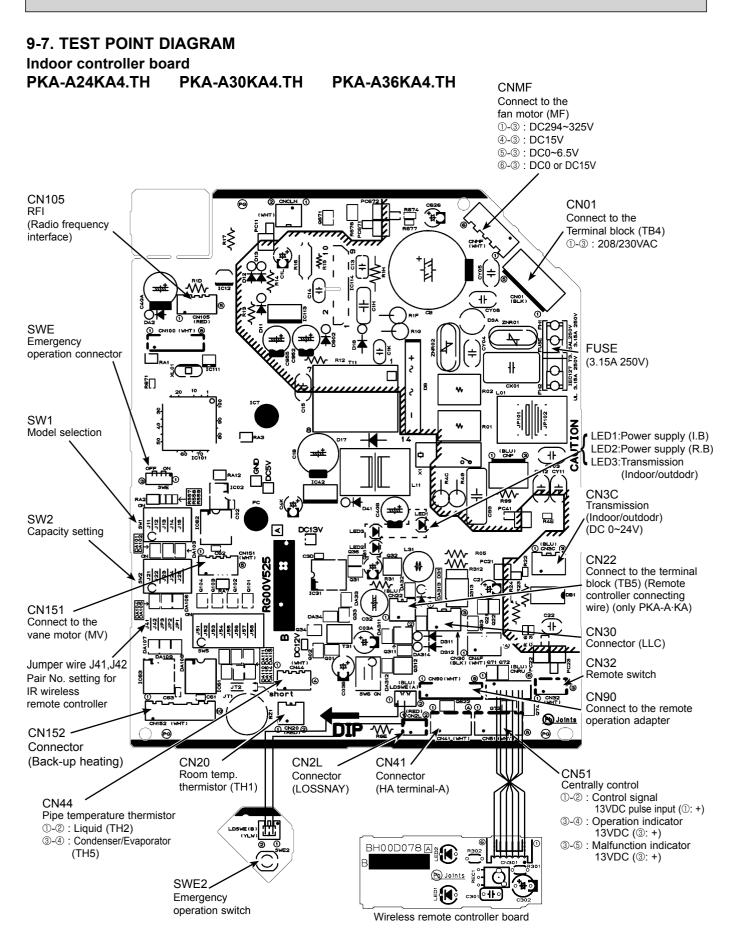
① Notes

- · High voltage is applied to the connecter (CNMF) for the fan motor. Pay attention to the service.
- $\cdot$  Do not pull out the connector (CNMF) for the motor with the power supply on.
- (It causes trouble of the indoor controller circuit board and fan motor.)

#### 2 Self check

Symptom : The indoor fan cannot rotate.





# 9-8. FUNCTIONS OF DIP SWITCH AND JUMPER WIRE

# Each function is controlled by the dip switch and the jumper wire on control P.C. board.

The black square  $(\blacksquare)$  indicates a switch position.

Jumper wire	Functions	Setting by the dip switch and jumper wire	Remarks
SW1	Model settings	MODELS SETTING PKA-A·KA4	
SW2	Capacity settings	MODELSSETTINGA24 $1 \stackrel{2}{} \stackrel{3}{} \stackrel{4}{} \stackrel{5}{} \stackrel{0N}{} \stackrel{0N}{FF}$ A30 $1 \stackrel{2}{} \stackrel{3}{} \stackrel{4}{} \stackrel{5}{} \stackrel{0N}{} \stackrel{0N}{FF}$ A36 $1 \stackrel{2}{} \stackrel{3}{} \stackrel{4}{} \stackrel{5}{} \stackrel{0N}{} \stackrel{0N}{FF}$	
J41 J42	Pair number setting with wireless remote controller	Wireless remote controller settingControl PCB setting J410 $\bigcirc$ $\bigcirc$ 1 $\times$ $\bigcirc$ 2 $\bigcirc$ $\times$ 3 ~ 9 $\times$ $\times$ Jumper wire( $\bigcirc$ : Short $\times$ : Open)	<initial setting=""> Wireless remote controller: 0 Control PCB: ○ (for both J41 and J42) 4 pair number settings are supported. The pair number settings of the wireless remote controller and indoor control PCB (J41/J42) are given in the table on the left. ('×' in the table indicates the jumper wire is dis- connected.)</initial>
JP3	Indoor controller board type setting	Indoor controller board typeJP3For productOSpare partsO	○ : With JP3 × : Without JP3

# 10-1. Rotation Function (and back-up function, 2nd stage cut-in function)

This function is only available when using wired remote controller.

### 10-1-1. Operation

10

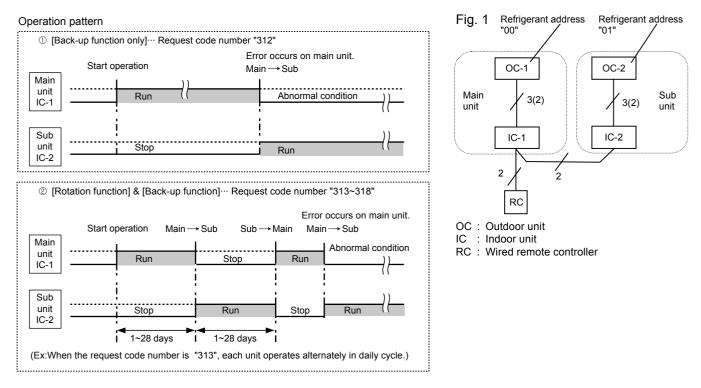
## (1) Rotation function (and Back-up function)

#### Outline of functions

- · Main and sub units operate alternately according to the interval of rotation setting.
- \* Main and sub unit should be set by refrigerant address. (Outdoor Dip switch setting)
  - Refrigerant address "00" → Main unit
  - Refrigerant address "01" → Sub unit
- · When error occurs to one unit, another unit will start operation. (Back-up function)

#### System constraint

- This function is available only by the grouping control system (INDOOR UNIT: OUTDOOR UNIT=1:1) of 2 refrigerant groups. (Refer to Fig. 1)
- Main indoor unit should be connected for wired remote controller and the transmission line (TB5) for main and sub unit should also be connected. (Refer to Fig. 1)
- (This function cannot be set by wireless remote controller.)
- · Set refrigerant address of each unit. (Dip switch on the outdoor unit ··· Refrigerant address 00/01)



#### Note:

- · When the unit is restarted to operate after turning off the power or OFF operation, the unit which was operating will start operation.
- To operate the main unit, refer to the 10-1-2. and set the request code No. which is not the same as the current one, and set again the former request code No.

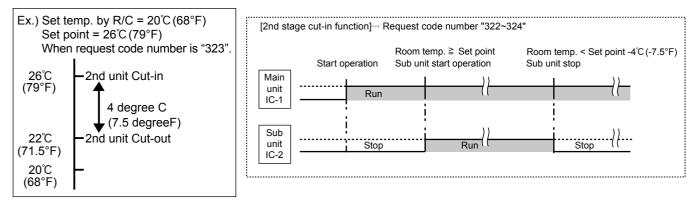
#### (2) 2nd stage cut-in function

#### Outline of functions

- When the 1st unit can NOT supply with sufficient capacity for exceptionally high-demand conditions and the actual room temperature reaches set point \*, the 2nd unit starts operation in conjunction with the 1st unit.
- Once the actual room temperature goes down to 4 degrees C (7.5 degrees F) below set point\*, the 2nd unit stops operation automatically.
- (\* set point = set temperature by R/C (remote controller) + 4, 6, 8°C (7.5, 10.8, 14.4°F) (selectable))
- $\cdot$  Number of operating units is determined according to the room temperature and set point.
- · When room temperature becomes higher than set point, standby unit starts. (2 units operation)
- When room temperature falls below set point -4°C (-7.5°F), standby unit stops. (1 unit operation)

#### • System constraint

· This function is available only in cooling mode.



## 10-1-2. How to set rotation function (Back-up function, 2nd stage cut-in function)

You can set these functions by wired remote controller. (Maintenance monitor)

NOTE

Both main and sub unit should be set in same setting. Every time replacing indoor controller board for servicing, the function should be set again.

#### (1) Request Code List

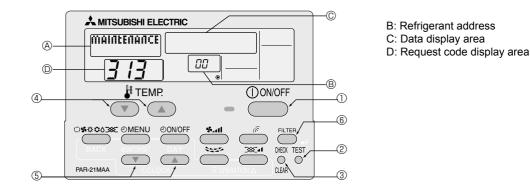
#### Rotation setting

Setting No. (Request code)	Setting contents	
No.1 (310)	Monitoring the request code of current setting.	
No.2 (311)	Rotation and Back-up OFF (Normal group control operation)	$\bigcirc$
No.3 (312)	Back-up function only	
No.4 (313)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 1 day) and back up function	
No.5 (314)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 3 day) and back up function	
No.6 (315)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 5 day) and back up function	
No.7 (316)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 7 day) and back up function	
No.8 (317)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 14 day) and back up function	
No.9 (318)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 28 day) and back up function	

#### 2nd stage cut-in setting

Setting No. (Request code)	Setting contents	
No.1 (320)	Monitoring the request code of current setting.	
No.2 (321)	Cut-in function OFF	Ô
No.3 (322)	Cut-in Function ON (Set point = Set temp.+ 4°C (7.5°F))	
No.4 (323)	Cut-in Function ON (Set point = Set temp.+ 6°C (10.8°F))	
No.5 (324)	Cut-in Function ON (Set point = Set temp.+ 8°C (14.4°F))	

#### (2) Setting method of each function by wired remote controller



- 1. Stop operation(①).
- 2. Press the TEST button (②) for 3 seconds so that [Maintenance mode] appears on the screen (④). After a while, [00] appears in the refrigerant address number display area.(at <sup>®</sup>)
- Press the CHECK button (③) for 3 seconds to switch to [Maintenance monitor].
   Note) It is not possible to switch to [Maintenance monitor] during data request in maintenance mode (i.e., while "----" is blinking) since no buttons are operative.

[----] appears on the screen ( $\bigcirc$ ) when [Maintenance monitor] is activated. (The display ( $\bigcirc$ ) now allows you to set a request code No.)

- 4. Press the [TEMP (  $\bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc$  )] buttons (④) to select the desired refrigerant address. [ScreenB]  $\rightarrow$  00  $\leftrightarrow$  01  $\leftrightarrow$  ·····  $\leftrightarrow$  15  $\leftarrow$
- 5. Press the [CLOCK ( $\bigcirc$ ) and  $\bigcirc$ )] buttons (5) to set the desired request code No.("311~318", "321~324")
- 6. Press the FILTER button (6) to perform function setting.

If above setting operations are done correctly, "Request code number" will appear in data display area.(©) [Example: When the "311" of "Request code number" is set, [311] appears on the screen.(©)]

#### [Reference]

You can check current "request code number" setting by setting the "request code number" ("310" or "320") and pressing the (FILTER) button. (6)

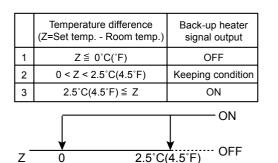
[Example: When the current setting is "Setting No.2(Request code 311)", [311] appears on the screen.(©)]

#### 10-2. BACK-UP HEATING FUNCTION (CN152) 10-2-1. Operation Outline of functions

#### The back-up heater signal is sent out according to the temperature difference between indoor room temperature and set temperature. This function is available only in heating operation.

## 10-2-2. How to connect

When connecting to the connector CN152 of the indoor unit, use PAC-SE59RA-E (optional parts).

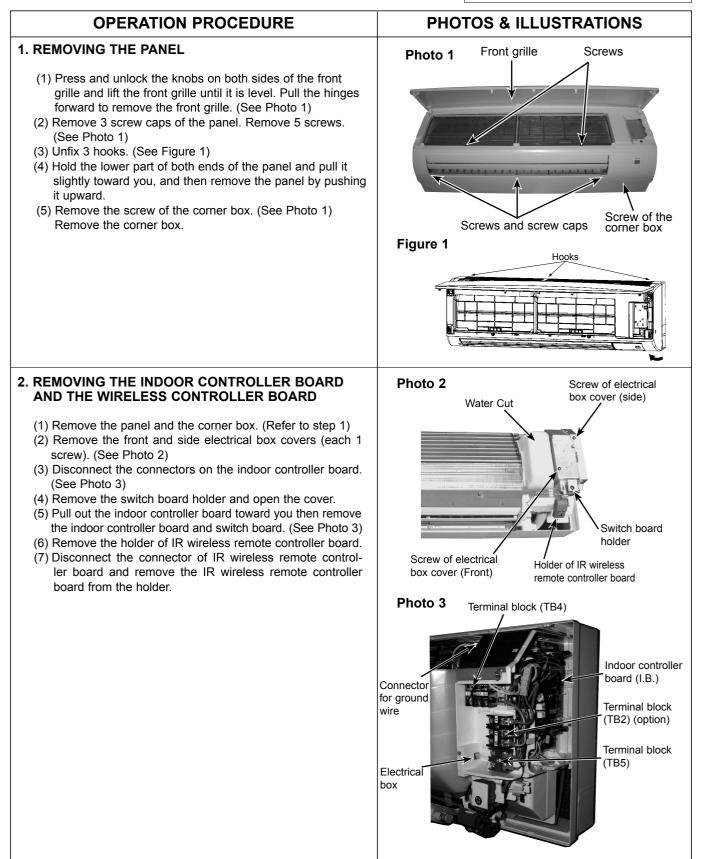


# DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

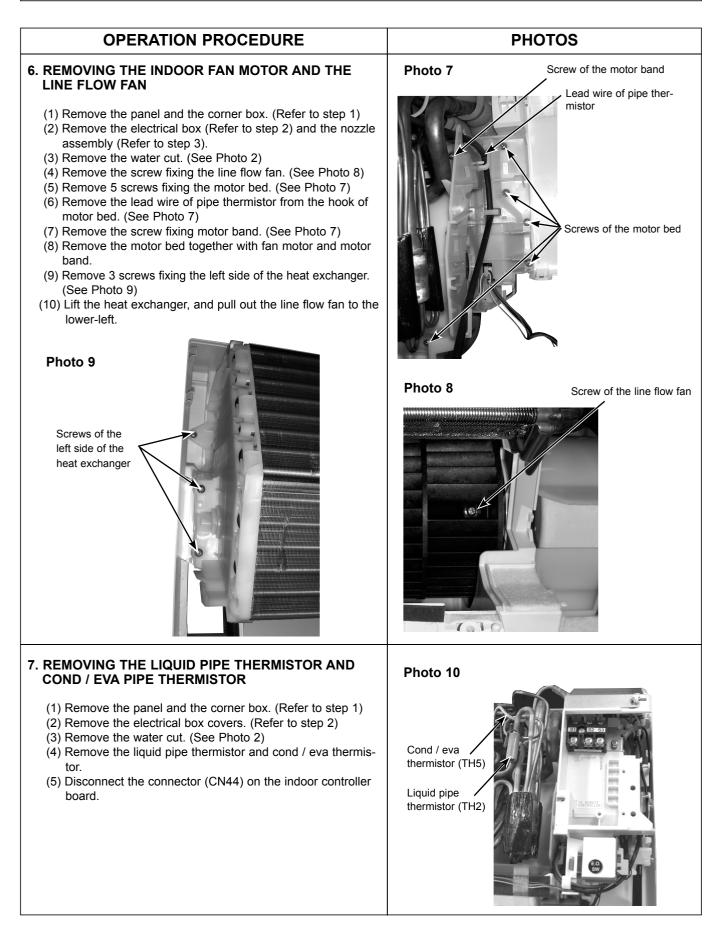
# PKA-A24KA4.TH PKA-A30KA4.TH PKA-A36KA4.TH

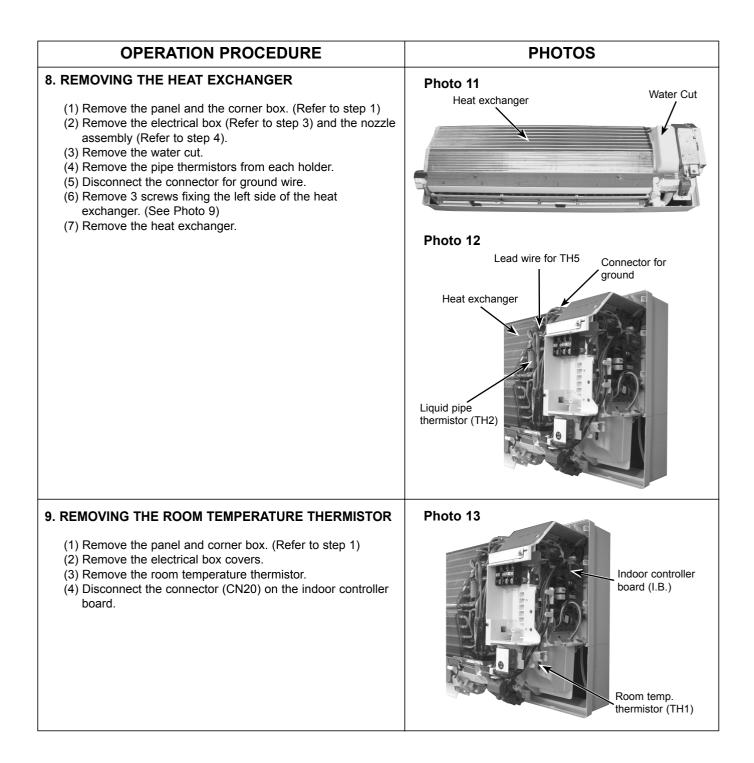
11

Be careful when removing heavy parts.



OPERATION PROCEDURE	PHOTOS
B. REMOVING THE ELECTRICAL BOX	Photo 4 Terminal block (TB4)
<ol> <li>Remove the panel and the corner box. (Refer to step 1)</li> <li>Remove the front and side electrical box covers (each 1 screw).</li> <li>Remove the indoor / outdoor connecting wire from terminal block (TB4).</li> <li>Disconnect the connectors on the indoor controller board.</li> <li>Disconnect the connector for ground wire.</li> <li>Remove the screw on lower side of the electrical box. (See Photo 5)</li> <li>Push up the upper fixture catch to remove the box, then remove it from the box fixture.</li> </ol>	Connector for ground wire Electrical box
I. REMOVING THE NOZZLE ASSEMBLY (with VANE and VANE MOTOR) AND DRAIN HOSE	Photo 5 (see the bottom) Vane motor
<ol> <li>(1) Remove the panel and corner box. (Refer to step 1)</li> <li>(2) Remove the electrical box covers. (Refer to step 2)</li> <li>(3) Disconnect the vane motor connector (CN151) on the indoor controller board.</li> <li>(4) Pull out the drain hose from the nozzle assembly, and remove nozzle assembly. (See Photo 5)</li> </ol>	Nozzle assembly Working the second s
<ul> <li><b>6. REMOVING THE VANE MOTOR</b></li> <li>(1) Remove the nozzle assembly. (Refer to step 4)</li> <li>(2) Remove 2 screws of the vane motor unit cover, and pull</li> </ul>	Photo 6 Screws of the vane
out the vane motor unit. (3) Remove 2 screws of the vane motor unit. (4) Remove the vane motor from the vane motor unit. (5) Disconnect the connector from the vane motor.	Screws of the vane motor unit cover





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